Page 1 of 1

Q: (Reference May 3, 2019 report by Brattle Group, Inc entitled Embedded and Marginal Cost of Service Review) In a competitive electricity market, if a new generator or a new load connects to the transmission network, who is normally responsible for the costs of the transmission facilities to connect the new generator or new load to the transmission network? Is it fair to assign such costs to all customers when the facilities benefit only a few?

A. Interconnections are dealt with in ISO/RTOs rules. Interconnections costs are borne by the generation resources or loads requesting the interconnection. In addition, those parties requesting interconnection also are responsible for modifications to the transmission system should their interconnection affect the transmission system's transfer capabilities. FERC Order 1000 permits the socialization of some transmission system expansion costs to accommodate intermittent resources which are typically at substantial distances from load.

Fairness is an oft-debated philosophical issue, but commissions have generally begun any determination of fairness through cost of service studies which aim at

assigning costs to the parties that have caused them to be incurred.

15