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1Q:Reference: Embedded and Marginal Cost of Service Review, May 3, 2019, The2Brattle Group, Page 19, Lines 3-4.3

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- "In either case, if the Board decides to accept the LIL and LTA as functionalized to generation, we recommend that they both be classified as demand related..." Reference: Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro 2018 Cost of Service Methodology Review Report, November 15, 2018, Page 11, Lines 2-5.
- 9 "The Muskrat Falls Project was selected as the least cost alternative to replace
  10 Holyrood primarily based on the projected fuel costs savings over the long term;
  11 therefore from a cost causality approach, it appears reasonable that most of the
  12 Muskrat Falls Project costs would be considered energy-related."
- 13If the Muskrat Falls Project, of which the LIL and LTA are a part, was14selected as the least cost alternative to replace Holyrood primarily based on15the projected fuel costs savings, why should some portion of the LIL and LTA16not be classified as energy related?
- A. The selected passage indicates that the Muskrat Falls Project was selected as the
   least cost alternative to replace Holyrood *primarily* based on the projected fuels
   costs savings over the long term. In general, there are many factors and variables at
   play in the selection of generation resources over time, with fuel cost savings being
   one of the factors.
- 24 We also believe that from a cost-causation perspective, ex-ante justifications for 25 investment decisions (*i.e.*, the reasons why the investment was made) should be 26 balanced with the *ex-post* consumption effects on costs going forward (*i.e.* the 27 effect that changes in demand for energy, capacity and customer has on current and 28 future costs). The LIL and LTA are transmission facilities. In general, we believe 29 that the primary driver of a transmission facility's costs (*i.e.*, the cost-causality) is 30 its size, *i.e.*, its maximum capability to transfer energy at any point in time. With 31 the exception of losses, which are relatively small in comparison with other 32 transmission costs, changes in the demand for energy do not result in increased 33 transmission costs.