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Reference: Embedded and Marginal Cost of Service Review, May 3, 2019, The 1 O: 2 Brattle Group, Page 26, Lines 3-15. 3 4 "With respect to Hydro's approach, CAEC (at 10) states: 5 6 The NARUC COS Manual reveals many different ways to classify 7 generation plant. Some are demand-only in nature and others are 8 a combination of demand and energy, but are termed "energy 9 weighting methods." Since none of the conventional approaches 10 can claim unchallenged superiority, the current Hydro approach of classifying on the basis of generator type, and using both 11 demand-only and energy weighted methods appears to be within 12 13 the norms of industry practice." 14 15 We are in general agreement with this statement. Hydro's approach - i.e., 16 examining and analyzing the reasons that gave rise to the investment in each generation facility rather than classifying all fixed generation costs as demand 17 18 related – is by definition, akin to the cost causation approach discussed above." 19 Does Brattle believe that cost causation, and "the reasons that gave rise to the investment," should also be given weight when deciding how to classify 20 21 transmission? Why or why not?

A. Yes, it should be given some weight. Please see response to NP-PUB-001 for a full explanation for why we believe the LIL and LTA should be classified as demand.

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