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1 Q. Reference: Fair Return for Newfoundland Power (NP). Evidence of 2 Laurence D. Booth, September 28, 2021, Appendix C, page 15, lines 1-2. 3 4 "From this analysis, I can see no reason that would cause me to deviate from 5 my normal generic risk assessment for a Canadian utility of a beta range of 6 0.45-0.55." 7 8 Has Dr. Booth ever deviated from his generic estimate of a beta for an 9 electric or gas distributor? If yes, please provide that estimate and the 10 relevant testimony. 11 12 13 A. Dr. Booth's actual beta estimates change all the time with the data, but his recommendation for the beta going forward has been much more stable and has 14 15 not changed since at least 2009. Note that his estimate of the utility risk 16 premium has changed since Dr. Booth's market risk premium estimate has increased from 5.0% to 5.0-6.0%. 17 18 19 The statistical evidence is that the long run beta estimate for a Canadian utility has not materially changed. For example, in Appendix C page 9 he discusses 20 evidence that he and Dr. Berkowitz put before the National Energy Board in 21 22 2001 where the Blume beta adjustment model estimated a mean for Canadian 23 utilities of 0.52. The same regression procedure on US utilities produces a mean of 0.465 since the adjustment coefficient is not significant. Dr. Booth 24 regards this statistical evidence as generally supportive of his 0.45-0.55 beta 25 26 range. 27 Dr. Booth will change his recommended beta when the underlying statistical 28 evidence changes. 29