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## 1 Q. (Reference CA-NP-152) 2 Please clarify the deriva

Please clarify the derivation of the 2025 budget for the Reconstruction program by addressing the following questions.

- a) How is the \$7,200,000 inflation-adjusted five-year average expenditure decomposed into "Labour" and "Non-Labour" components as given in Table 1?
- b) Please assess the accuracy of the following statement. "The 2025 budget of \$7,425,000 is derived by increasing the Labour and Non-Labour Average Adjusted Cost, as given in Table 1, by the respective inflation rates of 4.45% and 1.63%, and then summing the two results."
- c) How is the \$7,425,000 budget for 2025 decomposed into Material, Labour-Internal, Labour-Contract, Engineering, and Other, as given in Application, Schedule B, page 21, Table 2?
- d) Have the relative magnitudes of the components of Reconstruction program remained the same over the past five years? In response, please provide a table with the same cost categories as Table 2 (Schedule B, page 21) for the years, 2020 to 2024F.
- e) Are the tasks of internal labour and contract labour in the Reconstruction distinct from one another? Please explain the role of each type of labour and the extent to which one can be substituted for the other.
- f) If contract costs for this program were to be higher than expected, please explain how NP would proceed and how it has addressed this situation if it has occurred in the past.
- a) Over the last five-year period, labour costs have represented an average of 53% and non-labour costs have represented an average of 47% of the total costs in each year for the *Reconstruction* program. To breakdown the \$7.2 million inflation-adjusted five-year average expenditure into its components, Newfoundland Power applied those percentages to determine the labour amount of \$3.8 million and the non-labour amount of \$3.4 million.<sup>1</sup>
  - b) This statement is accurate.

c) Newfoundland Power allocated the proposed 2025 capital budget of \$7.4 million into the five cost categories using the average contribution of each category over the previous two years.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>\$7.2</sup> million x 53% = \$3.8 million for labour costs. \$7.2 million x 47% = \$3.4 million for non-labour costs.

For example, Labour – Internal costs were 42.2% and 40.8% of the total costs in 2023 and 2024 forecast, respectively, resulting in a two-year average of 41.5% ((42.2% + 40.8%) / 2 = 41.5%). The Company allocated \$3.1 million of the total 2025 capital budget to Labour – Internal (41.5% x \$7.4 million = \$3.1 million).

d) The components of the *Reconstruction* program have been reasonably consistent over the past five years. Table 1 provides the proportional allocation of the components from 2020 to 2024 forecast.

Table 1: Reconstruction Program 2020 to 2024F (%)					
Cost Category	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024F
Material	23	22	21	24	23
Labour – Internal	45	46	45	42	41
Labour - Contract	20	20	22	21	21
Engineering	8	9	7	10	12
Other	4	3	5	3	3
Total	100	100	100	100	100

- e) The type of labour required under the *Reconstruction* program is determined by the nature of the capital work encountered. The Company utilizes internal labour resources to complete repairs related to line work, such as replacement of damaged conductor, transformers, insulators and brackets. The Company utilizes contract labour resources to complete repairs related to pole work such as pole removals and installations.
- f) Newfoundland Power's contract procurement uses a tender process to ensure the least cost options for qualified contractors are utilized. In addition, internal contract leads monitor expenditures related to the *Reconstruction* program. The Company has previously addressed higher than expected contractor costs by evaluating the structure of the request for proposal and tender, awarding of partial contracts, and negotiating with contractors to manage costs.

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