

1 **Q. (Reference PUB-NP-044) Are behind-the-meter alternatives and rate design being**
2 **considered as part of Newfoundland Power’s effort to reduce greenhouse gas and**
3 **other environmental emissions?**
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5 A. Newfoundland Power’s goal of reducing its controlled greenhouse gas (“GHG”)
6 emissions by 55% by 2035 compared to 2019 levels relates to its scope 1 emissions.
7 Scope 1 emissions are a company’s direct emissions that occur from sources that are
8 controlled or owned by the company (e.g. emissions associated with fuel combustion,
9 transportation, and fugitive emissions). As stated in the response to Request for
10 Information PUB-NP-044, Newfoundland Power expects to meet its scope 1 GHG
11 emissions reduction target through gradual replacement of assets as they reach end of life
12 with lower-emitting alternatives.
13

14 Programs aimed at reducing customer usage or changing customer usage patterns,
15 including behind-the-meter alternatives and alternative rate design, would not impact the
16 Company’s scope 1 GHG emissions. Newfoundland Power generates approximately 7%
17 of the electricity it sells, which is virtually all hydroelectric. The Company purchases the
18 remaining 93% from Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro (“Hydro”). As such, any
19 reduction in customer electricity usage would primarily impact Hydro’s scope 1 GHG
20 emissions.¹
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22 The power policy requires Newfoundland Power to operate in a manner that results in
23 power being delivered to customers at the lowest possible cost, in an environmentally
24 responsible manner, consistent with reliable service.² As such, environmental
25 responsibility is considered by the Company in its operations and when developing
26 projects and programs.
27

28 The Company is in the process of conducting a Rate Design review.³ When completed,
29 the Rate Design Review will be used to assess future customer rate designs, including
30 dynamic rate structures such as time-of-use rates. The Scope of Work includes reviewing
31 customer rates in other jurisdictions and emerging trends in light of government
32 zero-carbon efforts.⁴ Further, the Company offers a Net Metering Service Option, which
33 provides customers with the option to generate electricity from small-scale renewable
34 sources, including solar and wind, to offset their own use.⁵ As discussed above, neither of
35 these initiatives are intended, or expected, to reduce the Company’s scope 1 GHG
36 emissions.

¹ Hydro’s scope 1 emissions would be classified as scope 2 emissions for Newfoundland Power. Scope 2 emissions are indirect GHG emissions associated with the purchase of electricity, steam, heat, or cooling. As scope 2 emissions are largely outside its control, Newfoundland Power does not have a target to reduce its scope 2 emissions.

² See section 3(b)(iii) of the *Electrical Power Control Act, 1994*.

³ See the response to Request for Information CA-NP-107 for more information.

⁴ See the response to Request for Information CA-NP-257 for the *2023 Rate Design Review Scope of Work*.

⁵ For a discussion on the service option, as well as customer installation of behind the meter technologies, see Newfoundland Power’s *2023 Net Metering Service Option Annual Report*, filed with the Board on March 20, 2024.