Q. On pages 9-10, Hydro explained that the approximately \$20 million balance in the Rural Rate
Adjustment ("RRA") would result in an average end-consumer rate decrease of 2.6% in a future
July 1st Utility Rate adjustment, assuming all other items are kept constant. Due to the
Government's rate mitigation plan target of 2.25%, Hydro noted that the Project Cost Recovery
Rider would increase to offset this potential rate decrease in order to achieve the 2.25% target
rate increase on July 1st.

- a) Are there any other options that Hydro could consider to refund this balance to Newfoundland Power to apply against its Rate Stabilization Account ("RSA") instead of flowing it through the July 1st Utility Rate Adjustment? Please provide details of available options or why other options are not available.
- b) Given the large RRA credit balance in the Supply Cost Variance Deferral Account that has accumulated as a result of past rate increases to Hydro's Rural Customers, please address the considerations, including intergenerational equity, of transferring the current RRA credit balance to the RSA of Newfoundland Power to reduce the July 1, 2025 rate increase required from Newfoundland Power customers.

A. a) Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro ("Hydro") could consider a refund of the Rural Rate Alteration ("RRA") balance to Newfoundland Power Inc. ("Newfoundland Power") through a one-time bill credit for application against its Rate Stabilization Account ("RSA") balance instead of flowing it through the July 1 Utility Rate Adjustment. This approach has been utilized in the past to refund amounts to customers without impacting the rates charged; however, considerations with respect to transferring the RRA balance to Newfoundland Power's RSA balance are outlined below, including the Government of Newfoundland and Labrador's ("Government") directions regarding rate increases, the implementation of the Government's rate mitigation plan and the amount of current and future rate mitigation funding required, as well as

intergenerational equity.

b) Rate Adjustments in Advance of Rate Mitigation

 The RRA credit balance in the Supply Cost Variance Deferral Account ("SCVDA") has been accumulating since November 1, 2021, the effective date of the deferral account. The deferral account was created to address the material changes in system costs once payments were required to be made under the Muskrat Falls Power Purchase Agreement ("PPA") and the Transmission Funding Agreement.

Order in Council OC2013-343 permits Hydro to recover all costs associated with the Muskrat Falls Project, without disallowance. In May 2022, the Government issued an Order in Council OC2022-120 to amend the wording of Order in Council OC2013-343, permitting Hydro to begin recovery of payments it is making pursuant to the Muskrat Falls PPA.

In Hydro's July 1 Utility Rate Adjustments applications filed in 2022 and 2023, subsequent to the implementation of the SCVDA and the amended Order in Council but in advance of the completion and announcement of the rate mitigation plan, the Government provided direction to Hydro regarding the rate changes to be implemented in each application.

July 1, 2022 Utility Rate Adjustment

The Government's May 20, 2022 correspondence to Hydro's Board of Directors referenced its stated policy that electricity rates be maintained at a manageable level and requested that Hydro file its application with a view to maintaining retail rates as close to current levels as possible.

To comply with this request, while still recovering a portion of the Muskrat Falls Project payments, Hydro proposed to implement a Project Cost Recovery Rider. Hydro proposed a retail rate increase of 1.4% resulting from the change in the wholesale rate to Newfoundland Power which, when combined with Newfoundland Power's 1.7% decrease, resulted in an average customer decrease of 0.3%.

July 1, 2023 Utility Rate Adjustment

The Government's April 14, 2023 correspondence to Hydro's President, Jennifer Williams, asked Hydro to include no additional Lower Churchill Project ("LCP") related costs in the July 1, 2023 annual rate adjustment. The Government also indicated that further LCP-related rate increases would be more appropriately addressed upon implementation of the rate mitigation plan.

Hydro did not propose an increase in the Project Cost Recovery Rider for July 1, 2023, given the calculation of a material increase of 6.9%¹ in customer rates without increased recovery of LCP costs over 2022.

Rate Mitigation Plan

On May 16, 2024, the Government announced the finalization of the rate mitigation plan. The plan, applying only to Island Interconnected System customers responsible for the costs of the Muskrat Falls Project, was first implemented in Hydro's Utility Rate Adjustment effective August 1, 2024. As directed in Order in Council OC2024-062, Hydro is to structure any application for utility rate increases such that retail rate increases to domestic rate class customers attributable to Hydro's costs are targeted at 2.25 per cent per year annually up to and including 2030. The balance of costs is to be funded through rate mitigation.

Rate Mitigation Funding

The Government has committed to fund rate mitigation to meet targeted rate increases through both the agreements signed with the Government of Canada and the provision of funding to pay down the balance due from customers in the SCVDA. Order in Council OC2024-062 directed that any additional funds required for Hydro to mitigate the Muskrat Falls Project costs be through Hydro's sources, to the extent possible. In addition to the Government of Canada convertible debenture funding, as of September 30, 2024, the Government has contributed or authorized Hydro/Nalcor Energy to contribute in lieu of its dividends, \$280.4 million to mitigate rate increases with the

¹ The 6.9% increase reflects 3.9% for Hydro's updated wholesale rate adjustments and 3.0% related to Newfoundland Power's RSA balance and update to its Municipal Tax Adjustment factor.

commitment to fund future balances at an estimated \$2 billion up to and including 2030.

Rural Rate Alteration

The balance in the RRA as of September 30, 2024, is \$19.2 million. The RRA balance was historically included in the Rate Stabilization Plan balance used to calculate the rate change for Newfoundland Power on July 1.²

As previously described, since July 1, 2022, the Government has provided guidance to Hydro on the level of rate increase taking into consideration recovery of Project costs, the impact of other rate increases on customers and the impact of those directives on rate mitigation. The rate increases since July 1, 2022, were implemented as per Government direction and the resulting rates required at the time were set in consideration of all costs to be recovered. The Government has not provided direction for recovery of any additional costs incurred to serve customers in these years. The Government has committed to funding the additional costs incurred in those years to serve customers through rate mitigation.

There has been \$280.4 million of rate mitigation funding contributed to date, and an estimated additional \$2.0 billion will be required to mitigate rates for customers between 2025 and 2030.³ The refund of the \$19.2 million in the RRA would result in additional rate mitigation when previous rate targets were achieved as directed, and corresponding mitigation provided.

Customers have paid the rates required since July 1, 2022, with no direction from the Government to increase recovery from Newfoundland Power for past amounts. As customers paid the directed and required rates during the period that costs were incurred, intergenerational equity is not a consideration.

² "Implementation of the Rate Mitigation Plan," Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro, October 22, 2024, sec. 2.3, p. 9.

³ "Implementation of the Rate Mitigation Plan," Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro, October 22, 2024, p. 5, Table 2.